# SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification		
Product identifier	Rapid Set TRU Self Leveling	
Other means of identification		
Product code	180010050	
Recommended use	Industrial use.	
Recommended restrictions	presence of respirable dust and respirable cr	case of resale) should be informed of the potential ystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Indling of this material should be provided as required
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information	
Company name Address	CTS Cement Manufacturing Corporation 11065 Knott Ave Suite A Cypress, CA 90630 United States	
Telephone	1-800-929-3030	
E-mail	info@ctscement.com	
Contact person Emergency telephone	Safety Officer 1-800-929-3030 (8 AM - 5 PM)	
number	1-000-525-0000 (0 / 101 - 5 1 101)	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health Hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure	Category 2 (Lungs)
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye da irritation. May cause damage to organs (Lung	amage. May cause cancer. May cause respiratory gs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
Response	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if p call a poison center/doctor. If on skin: Wash medical advice/attention. Take off contamina	Attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get ted clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: table for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you
Storage	Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry loo	cation.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures			
Chemical name		CAS number	%
Calcium Sulfoaluminate Cement		960375-09-1	20-40
Silica, quartz		14808-60-7	25-35
Amorphous Silica; Silica dioxide		61790-53-2	15-30
Limestone		1317-65-3	0.1-8
Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime		1305-62-0	1-5
Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate		7778-18-9	0.5-2
Lithium Carbonate		554-13-2	<0.3
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight percent by volume.	unless ingredient is a gas. Gas	s concentrations are in
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	If dust from the material is inhaled, remove physician if symptoms develop or persist.	the affected person immediate	ly to fresh air. Call a
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated		in irritation occurs: Get
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.		
Ingestion	Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	f water. Call an ambulance and	d take these instructior
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may includ vision. Permanent eye damage including bli Coughing. Discomfort in the chest. Shortnes	indness could result. Upper res	spiratory tract irritation
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and to Symptoms may be delayed.	reat symptomatically. Keep vic	tim under observation.
General information	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (sho personnel are aware of the material(s) invol this safety data sheet to the doctor in attend	ved, and take precautions to p	
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Ca	rbon dioxide (CO2).	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as	this will spread the fire.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may	be formed.	
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full	protective clothing must be wo	orn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do	o so without risk.	
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and co	onsider the hazards of other inv	volved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.		

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. If sweeping of a contaminated area is necessary use a dust suppressant agent which does not react with the product. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or water courses.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage,	Store in original tightly closed container. Store in dry location. Store away from incompatible

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including any incompatibilities materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Silica, quartz (CAS	TWA	20 mppcf	
14808-60-7)		0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Va	alues		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

#### **US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Silica, quartz (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
14808-60-7)		10 mg/m3	Total
	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Exposure guidelines	Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling or thermal processing. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.
Individual protection measures, s	such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses or safety goggles unless full face respirator is in use.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Color	Tan.
Odor	Low.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	11 – 12 when wet
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non combustible.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
	Not applicable.
(%)	
(%) Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density	Not applicable. Not applicable.
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density	Not applicable. Not applicable.
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies)	Not applicable. Not applicable. 2.7-3.1 @ 20°C
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility (water) Partition coefficient	Not applicable. Not applicable. 2.7-3.1 @ 20°C Not available.
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility (water) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable. Not applicable. 2.7-3.1 @ 20°C Not available. Not applicable.
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility(water) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable. Not applicable. 2.7-3.1 @ 20°C Not available. Not applicable. Not applicable. 2460 °F (1350 °C)
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility(water) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	Not applicable. Not applicable. 2.7-3.1 @ 20°C Not available. Not applicable. Not applicable.
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility(ies) Solubility (water) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity	Not applicable. Not applicable. 2.7-3.1 @ 20°C Not available. Not applicable. Not applicable. 2460 °F (1350 °C)
(%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility (water) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Other information	Not applicable. Not applicable. 2.7-3.1 @ 20°C Not available. Not applicable. Not applicable. 2460 °F (1350 °C) Not applicable.

VOC (Weight %)

11 g/l when mixed with water

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Incompatible materials	Powerful oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides. Silicium oxide.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Ingestion	Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Coughing. Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. Skin irritation.
Information on toxicological effe	cts
Acute toxicity	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	No data available.
Skin sensitization	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk" (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

IARC Monographs. Overall E	valuation of Carcinogenicity	
Silica, quartz (CAS 14808 NTP Report on Carcinogens	, <b>-</b>	
Silica, quartz (CAS 14808 OSHA Specifically Regulated	-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen. d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury, including silicosis. May cause skin disorders if contact is repeated or prolonged.	
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.	
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	
13. Disposal consideration	IS	
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	

Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

#### 14. Transport information

#### DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4) Not listed.

(SARA) Hazard categories	d Reauthorization Act of 1986 Immediate Hazard - Yes	
(OAIIA) Hazard categories	Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	-	
Not listed.		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List	
Not regulated.		
	112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)	
Not regulated.		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
US state regulations	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the Sta birth defects or other reproductive harm.	ate of California to cause cancer and
US. Massachusetts RTM	( - Substance List	
	CAS 554-13-2)	
US. New Jersey Worker	and Community Right-to-Know Act	
Anhydrous Calcium Calcium Hydroxide; Limestone (CAS 131 Lithium Carbonate (C Silica, quartz (CAS 1	CAS 554-13-2)	
-	ilica dioxide (CAS 61790-53-2)	
Anhydrous Calcium	Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	
Calcium Hydroxide; S US. Rhode Island RTK	Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime (CAS 1305-62-0) Silica, quartz (CA	S 14808-60-7)
Lithium Carbonate (C	CAS 554-13-2)	
US. California Proposition 6	5	
•	tion 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed	substance
Lithium Carbonate (C Silica, quartz (CAS 1		
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-September-2014
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0
Disclaimer	CTS Cement Manufacturing Corporation cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.